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Areas that contain a large number of different rare species, or that contain species that only occur in one or a few areas, have a high RWRI. Areas with fewer rare species, or rare species that also occur in other areas, have a low index.

Areas may have few rare species for a variety of reasons, including the amount of human development. For example, much of the Central Valley has been converted to agriculture and no longer supports a high number of rare species. On the other hand, even though much of the San Francisco Bay Area has been converted to human uses, this region supports a very high number of species that only occur there, and now are limited to small fragments of remaining habitat.

The RWRI helps identify areas that are important to the conservation of rare plants and animals. Identifying rarity hotspots in California is particularly important because the state is home to about one third of the species found in the continental United States.

Richness in California and

Vascular Plant Taxa (species, subspecies, and varietie Vascular Plant Species

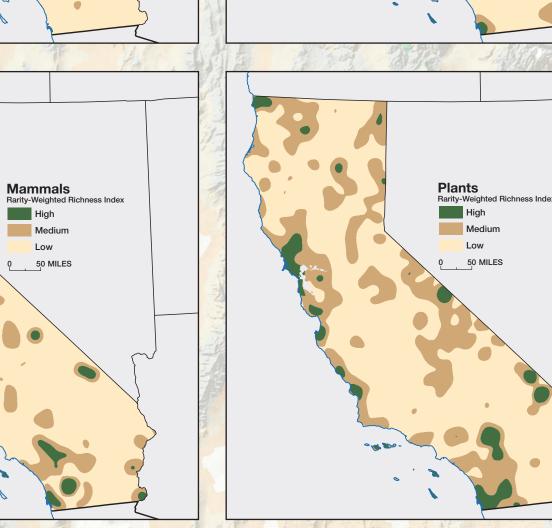
Bird Species (Regularly-occurrin

the United States

mphibian Species

Reptile Species

Mammal Species reshwater Fish Species



Percent of United States Tot in California

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32%

22%

30%

56%

47%

8%

Total Number in the United States

231

Total Number in California

433

6,272

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18	6					

Reptiles Rarity-Weighted Richness Index High Medium Low 0_50 MILES	
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ATLAS OF THE BIODIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, PUBLISHED BY THE STATE OF CALIFOR RESOURCES AGENCY, DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME, 2003.

**Natural Vegetation** Alpine 1 Alpine Meadow Subalpine T 2 California Mixed Evergreen 3 Cedar, Hemlock, Douglas-Fir, Spruce Lodgepole Pine Mixed Conifer 5 Ponderosa Pine 7 Red Fir 8 Redwood Chaparral 10 Oak **Great Basin** 

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North Coastal Forests Mediterranean Scrubland Oak Woodland 11 Juniper, Pinyon

12 Juniper Steppe 36°

37°

